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PUBLICATIONS OF THE IMMIGRATION RESTRICTION LEAGUE No. 38.

Immigration Figures for 1903.

RECEIVED data furnished by the Commissioner-General of Immigration.)

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Comparison of the Fiscal Years ending June 30, 1902 and 1903.

Total immigration				1902.	1903.
Percentage of increase over 1902				648,743	857,046
	A works			33	32 76
Percentage of increase over 1899				108	
Percentage of increase over 1898	40 7				175
Number debarred from entrance and ret	111770	d wit	hin.	183	274
one year after landing					6
Per cent. debarred and returned					9,316
Number of illiterates over 14 years of				0.8	1.1
Note 7	age	. L.	see		
Note I.]				165,105	189,008
Per cent. of illiterate in total imm				About Mark	
14 years of age				28.7	25.0
Immigration from countries of Norther					
ern Europe. [See Note 2.]				and the state of the state of	
Per cent. of total immigration.	•			21.4	23.8
Immigration from countries of Southern	and	East	ern		
Europe. [See Note 2.] .			A 10 (1)	480,331	610,813
Per cent. of total immigration .	•			74.0	71.3
Immigration from Asia			10.1	22,271	29,966
Per cent. of total immigration .				3.4	3.5
Average money brought, in dollars				16	19
Per cent. of immigrants who have	been	in	the		
United States before				9.5	8.g
Per cent. of total immigration having	no	occuj	oa-		
tion, including women and child	ren			23.6	23.3
Per cent. of total immigration who were	fari	n-lab	or-		
ers, laborers, or servants .				60.6	57.3
Per cent. of total immigration destined					37.3
States of Ill., Mass., N.Y., and				67.8	65.4
					-3.4

NOTE 1.— Although the percentage of illiteracy shows an improvement this year over last, it should be remembered that these figures are based upon the manifests, which in turn are made up from the statements of the immigrants. One test recently made at New York showed that 175



immigrants listed as able to read and write were, in fact, illiterate. The recent agitation for an educational test for immigrants has undoubtedly made the latter more disposed to assert their ability to read and write.

NOTE 2.—"Northern and Western Europe" includes the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Scandinavia, Belgium, Netherlands, and Switzerland.

"Southern and Eastern Europe" includes Austria-Hungary, Italy, Poland, Russia, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Turkey, and the Balkan States.

GENERAL REMARKS.— Immigration has reached the high-water mark during the past year, exceeding that of the largest previous year (1882) by nearly 70,000. It is gratifying to note an increase of over one-third in the proportion of those debarred and returned, and to testify to the great improvement in the efficiency of the service since the present Commissioner-General took office. Attempts are also being made to secure an adequate inspection on the frontiers of Canada and Mexico, and steps are being now taken to ascertain definitely the aliens in our penal and charitable institutions.

On the other hand, while there has been some increase in the immigration from Northern and Western Europe, the great proportion of immigration has come as usual from the less desirable races of Southern and Eastern Europe, and there has been a considerable influx of illiterate Japanese.

Hon. William Williams, Commissioner at New York, says in his report: "Without the proper execution of [the present laws] it is safe to say that thousands of additional aliens would have come here last year. But these laws do not reach a large body of immigrants who, while not of this class, are yet generally undesirable, because unintelligent, of low vitality, of poor physique, able to perform only the cheapest kind of manual labor, desirous of locating almost exclusively in the cities, by their competition tending to reduce the standard of living of the American wageworker, and unfitted mentally or morally for good citizenship. It would be quite impossible to accurately state what proportion of last year's immigration should be classed as 'undesirable.' I believe that at least 200,000 (and probably more) aliens came here who, although they may be able to earn a living, yet are not wanted, will be of no benefit to the country, and will, on the contrary, be a detriment, because their presence will tend to lower our standards; and if these 200,000 persons could have been induced to stay at home, nobody, not even those clamoring for more labor, would have missed them. Their coming has been of benefit chiefly, if not only, to the transportation companies which brought them here."

The largest elements in recent immigration were:

				1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.
Southern	Ital	ian		65,639	84,346	115,704	152,915	196,117
Polish .			ılı.	28,466	46,938	43,617	69,620	82,343
Scandinav	ian			23,249	32,952	40,277	55,780	79,347
Hebrew				37,415	60,764	58,098	57,688	76,203
German				26,632	29,682	34,742	51,686	71,782
Irish .				32,345	35,607	30,404	29,001	35,366
Slovak .				15,838	29,243	29,343	36,934	34,427
Croatian a	and	Slove	nian	8,632	17,184	17,928	30,233	32,907

ILLITERACY.

Number of persons in each hundred immigrants over tourteen years of age who cannot write or cannot read and write their own language, from those races (not nations) which contributed upwards of 2,000 immigrants to the United States during any of the past four fiscal years:

WESTERN EUROPE.						1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.
Scandinavia	n	•		-		0.9	0.8	0.5	0.6
Scotch				•		_	1.2	1.2	1.2
Bohemian at	nd M	Ioravi	an			3.0	1.5	1.6	1.6
English						0.2	1.8	1.9	1.6
Irish .				•		3.3	3.2	3.9	3.8
Finnish						2.7	2.2	1.4	2.2
French						3.9	3.9	4.8	3.8
German			•	•		5.8	4.1	5.4	4.6
Dutch and I		ish				9.6	7.8	7.6	6.9
Italian (Nor	th)				,	11.2	15.7	14.4	12.7
Averag	e of	f abo	ve.	•	•	4.2	5.6	4.4	3.9
Eastern Europe (w	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	SDAIN A	ND PO	RTUGAL).	107 I 34			
Spanish		·			land.	ran <u>da</u> no	n (1 <u>11</u>)		8.9
Magyar						16.8	7.5	13.3	10.5
Roumanian	NATE.	-1124						28.3	21.5
Slovak .		1,000	ald.		5	27.9	30.7	25.9	21.6
Greek .	1000		March 1			17.1	25.9	30.0	27.7
Russian			apply 9	•	1	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		4 4 <u>—</u> 4	31.9
Polish .						31.2	37.5	38.4	32.1
Croatian and	d Slo	ovenia	n			37.4	39.7	42.2	35.2
Bulgarian, S	Servi	ian, N	Ionte	negri	n.		—		44.7
Lithuanian					17.4	31.7	49.8	54.1	46.6
Ruthenian	1.					49.0	53.2	50.0	49.4
Italian (Sou	ith)					54.6	59.1	56.4	51.4
Portuguese			•	•		59.9	63.8	71.6	73.2
Averag	re of	f abo	ve	•		39.8	46.0	44.3	39.7
OTHER RACES.						₹ .			
Cuban .			•			6.8	- X	8.0	4.2
Chinese				•			6.9	_	12.9
Hebrew			•			22.9	23.6	28.6	26.5
Japanese			•	•	•	8.9	6.7	1.2	27.0
African (bla	ack)					-			32.5
Syrian		•	•		•	5 5·9	56.1	51.0	53.8

For publications and membership in the Immigration Restriction League address Prescott F. Hall, Secretary, Fiske Building, Boston. The dues for membership are as follows: For annual membership, one dollar, payable in advance upon admission and upon January 1st of each year; for life membership, ten dollars, payable upon admission, life members being exempt from annual dues. The League is a strictly non-partisan and non-sectarian organization. with members from all parts of the United States. It advocates a stricter regulation of immigration, but not the exclusion of any immigrants whose character and standards fit them to become citizens. 3 M - 1103 E.